

ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯ ದ್ವಾದಶನಾಮಸ್ತೋತ್ರಮ್

{|| ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯ ದ್ವಾದಶನಾಮಸ್ತೋತ್ರಮ್ ||}

ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಾರ್ಜುನೋ ನಾಮ ರಾಜಾ ಬಾಹುಸಹಸ್ರವಾನ್ |

ತಸ್ಯ ಸ್ಮರಣಮಾತ್ರೇಣ ಗತಂ ನಷ್ಟಂ ಚ ಲಭ್ಯತೇ || ೧ ||

ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಃ ಖಲದ್ವೇಷೀ ಕೃತವೀರ್ಯಸುತೋ ಬಲೀ |

ಸಹಸ್ರಬಾಹುಃ ಶತ್ರುಘ್ನೋ ರಕ್ತವಾಸಾ ಧನುರ್ಧರಃ || ೨ ||

ರಕ್ತಗಂಧೋ ರಕ್ತಮಾಲ್ಯೋ ರಾಜಾ ಸ್ಮರ್ತುರಭೀಷ್ಟದಃ |

ದ್ವಾದಶೈತಾನಿ ನಾಮಾನಿ ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಸ್ಯ ಯಃ ಪಠೇತ್ || ೩ ||

ಸಂಪದಸ್ತತ್ರ ಜಾಯಂತೇ ಜನಸ್ತತ್ರ ವಶಂ ಗತಃ |

ಆನಯತ್ಯಾಶು ದೂರಸ್ಥಂ ಕ್ಷೇಮಲಾಭಯುತಂ ಪ್ರಿಯಮ್ || ೪ ||

ಸಹಸ್ರಬಾಹುಸಶರಂ ಮಹಿತಂ

ಸಚಾಪಂ ರಕ್ತಾಂಬರಂ ರಕ್ತಕಿರೀಟಕುಣ್ಡಲಮ್ |

ಚೋರಾದಿ-ದುಷ್ಟಭಯ-ನಾಶಂ ಇಷ್ಟದಂ ತಂ

ಧ್ಯಾಯೇತ್ ಮಹಾಬಲ-ವಿಜೃಂಭಿತ-ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಮ್ || ೫ ||

ಯಸ್ಯ ಸ್ಮರಣಮಾತ್ರೇಣ ಸರ್ವದುಃಖಕ್ಷಯೋ ಭವೇತ್ |

ಯನ್ನಾಮಾನಿ "ಮಹಾವೀರ್ಯಶ್ಚಾರ್ಜುನಃ ಕೃತವೀರ್ಯವಾನ್" || ೬ ||

ಹೈಹಯಾಧಿಪತೇಃ ಸ್ತೋತ್ರಂ ಸಹಸ್ರಾವೃತ್ತಿಕಾರಿತಮ್ |

ವಾಇಶ್ಚಿತಾರ್ಥಪ್ರದಂ ನೃಣಾಂ ಸ್ವರಾಜ್ಯಂ ಸುಕೃತಂ ಯದಿ || ೭ ||

॥ ಇತಿ ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯ ದ್ವಾದಶನಾಮ ಸ್ತೋತ್ರಮ್ ॥

Note:-

(1) Srimad Bhagavatam says a few lines about Arjuna (he was the son of Kritavirya and hence called Kartaviryarjuna), in verses 23 to 27 in chapter 23, Book9. The verses and their rough translations are given here.

ಆರ್ಜುನಃ ಕೃತವೀರ್ಯಸ್ಯ ಸಪ್ತದ್ವೀಪೇಶ್ವರೋಽಭವತ್ |
ದತ್ತಾತ್ರೇಯಾದ್ಧರೇರಂಶಾತ್ ಪ್ರಾಪ್ತಯೋಗಮಹಾಗುಣಃ ||

ನ ನೂನಂ ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಸ್ಯ ಗತಿಂ ಯಾಸ್ಯಂತಿ ಪಾರ್ತಿವಾಃ |
ಯಜ್ಞದಾನತಪೋಯೋಗಶ್ಚುತವೀರ್ಯಜಯಾದಿಭಿಃ ||

ಪಿಷ್ಠಾಶೀತಿಸಹಸ್ರಾಣಿ ಹ್ಯವ್ಯಾಹತಬಲಃಸಮಾಃ |
ಅನಷ್ಟವಿತ್ತಸ್ಮರಣೋ ಬುಭುಜೇಽಕ್ಷಯ್ಯಷಡ್ವಸು ||

ತಸ್ಯ ಪುತ್ರಸಹಸ್ರೇಷು ಪಿಚ್ಛೈವೋರ್ವರಿತಾ ಮೃಧೇ |
ಜಯದ್ವಜಃ ಶೂರಶೇನೋ ವ್ಯಷಭೋ ಮಧುರೂರ್ಜಿತಃ ||

Arjuna, the son of Kritavirya became the ruler of the entire world with its seven continents. From his guru Sri Dattatreya he attained a part manifestation of Sri Hari. He became an expert yogi and was blessed with the siddhis (mystic powers). No other king could be compared with Arjuna in valour, munificence, asceticism, wisdom and other virtues. He ruled for 85,000 years and enjoyed all the pleasures. His strength (of body, mind and senses) remained unimpaired. His very remembrance proves to be a security against loss of wealth. He had a thousand sons. All of them, except five, were killed by Parasurama. One of Arjuna's descendants

was Yadu. Yadu's descendants were known as Yadavas.

(2):- Arjuna or Kartaviryarjuna, as he is popularly known, also finds a mention in the Uttara Kanda of Valmiki Ramayana. (chapters 31 - 33).

Sage Agastya narrates the story of Ravana to Rama.

Ravana did severe penance and as a result got great powers from Brahma.

He felt he was invincible. He could defeat anyone he came across

with ease. He became puffed up with pride and was looking out

for someone with whom he can have a good fight.

He went to the city of Mahishmati, the city on the banks of river Narmada,

from where Arjuna ruled. Soon, he got into a severe fight with Arjuna.

Ravana was hit on his chest by Arjuna and fell down crying. Arjuna

trussed him up and imprisoned him. Sage Pulastya, the grand father of

Ravana, heard of Ravana's defeat and subsequent imprisonment by Arjuna.

He felt pity for Ravana's condition and came to Mahishmati and requested

Arjuna to release Ravana. Arjuna immediately acceded to the request and

released Ravana. Later both Arjuna and Ravana entered into an treaty

of friendship. Another version of the stotram containing his twelve

names is given below.

ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಃ ಸಹಸ್ರಾಕ್ಷಃ ಕೃತವೀರ್ಯಸುತಃ ಬಲೀ |

ಸಹಸ್ರಬಾಹುಃ ಶತ್ರುಘ್ನಃ ರಕ್ತವಾಸಾ ಧನುರ್ಧರಃ || ೧ ||

ರಕ್ತಗಂಧೋ ರಕ್ತಮಾಲ್ಯಃ ರಾಜಾ ಸ್ಮ ತುರಭೀಷ್ಟದಃ |

ದ್ವಾದಶೈತಾನಿ ನಾಮಾನಿ ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯಸ್ಯ ಯಃ ಸ್ಮರೇತ್ || ೨ ||

ಅನಷ್ಟದ್ರವ್ಯತಾ ತಸ್ಯ ನಷ್ಟಸ್ಯ ಪುನರಾಗಮಃ |

ಸಂಪದಸ್ತಸ್ಯ ಜಾಯಂತೀ ಜನಾಸ್ತಸ್ಯ ವಶೋ ಸದಾ || ೩ ||

These verses say that one who remembers the twelve names of the great

Arjuna, son of Kritavirya, will be blessed with prosperity.

He will draw (attract) people to him. He will not lose his wealth or

property by theft etc., and will also get back the money that

he had lost.

|| ಇತಿ ಕಾರ್ತವೀರ್ಯ ದ್ವಾದಶನಾಮ ಸ್ತೋತ್ರಮ್ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣಮ್ ||

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